

Package: coxstream (via r-universe)

June 22, 2026

Title Memory-Efficient Cox Proportional Hazards via Streaming
Newton-Raphson

Version 0.1.0

Description Fits the Cox proportional hazards model using a single descending-order pass per Newton-Raphson iteration. Peak RAM is $O(p^2)$ regardless of the number of rows, making it suitable for datasets that do not fit in memory. Produces identical coefficients to `survival::coxph()` with Efron tie correction.

URL <https://github.com/tommycarstensen/coxstream-r>

BugReports <https://github.com/tommycarstensen/coxstream-r/issues>

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Encoding UTF-8

Roxygen `list(markdown = TRUE)`

Imports Rcpp, survival

LinkingTo Rcpp

Suggests arrow, testthat ($\geq 3.0.0$)

Config/testthat/edition 3

Config/roxygen2/version 8.0.0

Repository <https://tommycarstensen.r-universe.dev>

Date/Publication 2026-06-14 21:57:48 UTC

RemoteUrl <https://github.com/tommycarstensen/coxstream-r>

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha 94f2e20a1eee66f05378c7568a617e7aa4cbe180

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 coxstream

Fit a Cox proportional hazards model via streaming Newton-Raphson

Description

Fits the Cox PH model using a single descending-time-order pass per Newton-Raphson iteration. Peak RAM is $O(p^2)$ regardless of n , making it suitable for large datasets. Produces identical coefficients to `survival::coxph()` with Efron tie correction.

Usage

```
coxstream(
  formula,
  data,
  init = NULL,
  max_iter = 25L,
  tol = 1e-09,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

<code>formula</code>	A formula with a <code>survival::Surv()</code> response, e.g. <code>Surv(time, event) ~ x1 + x2</code> .
<code>data</code>	A data frame containing the variables in <code>formula</code> .
<code>init</code>	Optional numeric vector of starting values for beta (length p). Defaults to zero.
<code>max_iter</code>	Maximum Newton-Raphson iterations. Default 25.
<code>tol</code>	Convergence tolerance on the max absolute score element. Default $1e-9$.
<code>verbose</code>	Currently unused; reserved for future per-iteration output. Default FALSE.

Value

An object of class "coxstream" with components:

<code>coefficients</code>	Named numeric vector of fitted coefficients.
<code>var</code>	Variance-covariance matrix (inverse of observed information).
<code>loglik</code>	Log-likelihood at convergence.
<code>n_iter</code>	Number of NR iterations taken.
<code>n</code>	Number of rows.
<code>formula</code>	The formula used.
<code>call</code>	The matched call.

Examples

```
library(survival)
fit <- coxstream(Surv(time, status) ~ age + sex, data = lung)
coef(fit)
```

coxstream_arrow	<i>Fit a Cox PH model by streaming a DESC-sorted parquet file</i>
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Description

Like `coxstream()` but reads data row-group by row-group from parquet. Peak RAM is $O(\text{batch_size} * p)$ for the active chunk plus $O(p^2)$ for the carry state, independent of total n . Uses exact Efron tie correction: tie groups that span row-group boundaries are handled via local carry state, giving bit-identical coefficients to `coxstream()` on any data.

Usage

```
coxstream_arrow(
  parquet_path,
  x_cols,
  time_col = "duration",
  event_col = "event",
  init = NULL,
  max_iter = 25L,
  tol = 1e-08,
  batch_size = 250000L,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

parquet_path	Path to a parquet file sorted by time DESCENDING.
x_cols	Character vector of covariate column names.
time_col	Column name for event/censoring time. Default "duration".
event_col	Column name for event indicator (1 = event). Default "event".
init	Optional starting values for beta (length p). Default zero.
max_iter	Maximum NR iterations. Default 25.
tol	Convergence tolerance on $\ NR\ \text{step}\ $ (L2 norm of beta update). Default 1e-8. Same criterion as the Python <code>coxstream</code> implementations.
batch_size	Target rows per read call. Consecutive row groups are merged until the total reaches this size, then freed (with a <code>gc()</code>) before the next is read, so peak RAM is $O(\text{batch_size} * p)$, flat in n . The default 250 000 keeps RAM genuinely flat; larger chunks are slightly faster but let the allocator's high-water ratchet up, so RAM regains a mild upward drift.
verbose	Print per-iteration progress. Default TRUE.

Details

Each NR iteration reads one row-group chunk at a time with `mmap = FALSE` (pread into heap buffers freed after each chunk – a memory-mapped reader would instead leave every touched file page resident for the mapping's lifetime, making RSS grow $O(n)$). Each chunk is exported to a C ArrowArrayStream and consumed zero-copy in C++ by `efron_stream_chunk_inplace()`, with the Efron tie-state carried across chunks in R – no R-level column materialisation (`as.vector / cbind / concat_tables`), which is what previously left a $\sim 1.5x$ gap behind the Python streaming path.

Value

A "coxstream" object (same class as `coxstream()`).

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